NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE:

Your Guideline to Safety

First published in 1897, the National Electrical Code has been adopted in all 50 states as the standard for safe electrical installation, inspection, and installation to protect people and property from avoidable electrical hazards.

There have been **15 code revisions** since **1974**, the year the average American home was built.



The NEC creates a universal electrical safety standard. Allowing all new and renovated construction built to code to be safe from electrical hazards.



The National Electrical Code (NEC) is updated every 3 years to include the latest in proven safety technology.



The NEC applies to **new construction and renovations**. The code is only in effect after it is adopted by the state or local jurisdiction.





Is your home up to code? Contact a qualified electrician to ensure your home is safe and up to code.













GFCIs







Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters have saved thousands of lives since their introduction to the National Electrical Code in the 1970s. Make sure your home is properly protected against ground faults with the correct installation of GFCIs.

The Consumer Product Safety Commission estimates that 50% of home electrocutions have been prevented by the introduction of GFCIs.

GFCI Protection is required for outlets installed in:

















How to Test a GFCI





Push the **RESET** button









Plug in a nightlight or similar device

Press the **TEST** button.





The nightlight should turn OFF.





Push the **RESET** button again.



The nightlight

should be ON.

The nightlight should turn back ON.

If the device does not turn on, contact a qualified electrician to inspect the outlet.











MAY IS NATIONAL ELECTRICAL SAFETY MONTH

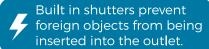
TAMPER RESISTANT Childproofing Done Right



A study by Temple University found that 100% of all 2-4 year olds were able to remove one type of plastic outlet cap within 10 seconds. Properly childproof your outlets by installing Tamper Resistant Receptacles.

HOW TO PROPERLY CHILDPROOF YOUR HOME

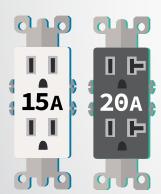
Tamper Resistant Receptacles offer a permanent solution to outlet covers.



Required by the National Electrical Code since 2008.



All 15A - 20A. 125v and 150v outlets in the following areas must be tamper resistant:







HALLWAYS

LIVING ROOM

EXCEPTIONS



Outlets located more than 5 1/2 ft above the floor.



Outlets that are part of a luminaire.



Outlets dedicated to appliances that cannot be easily moved.

▶ NEW IN 2017

Tamper Resistant Receptacles are required in new and renovated:



Childcare facilities.



Hotel and **motel** quest rooms.



Preschools and elementary education facilities.



Gyms, skating rinks, auditoriums, and places of waiting



Offices, corridors, waiting rooms, and similar rooms in clinic, medical and dental offices, and outpatient facilities.

MAY IS NATIONAL ELECTRICAL SAFETY MONTH









ELECTRIC SHOCK DROWNING

UNKNOWN DANGER LURKING IN THE WATER

Docks and boats carry sources of **electricity**. Faulty wiring or the use of damaged electrical cords and other devices can cause the surrounding water to be become energized. NEVER swim near a marina or a near a boat while it's running.

ESFi.org



There is no visible warning to electrified water.

Electric current in the water causes the paralysis of muscles which results in drowning.





The 2017 NEC now requires marinas and boatyards to

have ground-fault MARINA ELECTRI protection to help prevent water electrification. Check to see if your marina, and the boats in the marina, have proper **GFC** protection.

As little as 10 milliamps, 1/50th the amount used by a 60 watt light bulb, can cause paralysis and drowning.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SEE ELECTRIC SHOCK DROWNING TAKING PLACE

Turn power off



Throw a life ring



Call 911



NEVER enter the water



You could become a victim too.

WARNING – POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD: ELECTRICAL CURRENTS MAY BE PRESENT IN THE WATER

The 2017 National Electrical Code requires marinas and boat docks to post electric shock warning signs where electricity is used near water.

MAY IS NATIONAL ELECTRICAL SAFETY MONTH



WARNING POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD







SURGE PROTECTION

Keeping your Electronics and Home Safe

The National Electrical Manufacturers Association estimates that 60-80% of surges originate from internal sources (within a home or business). Keep your valuable electronics safe by protecting them from the surges that can damage or destroy them.

What is a power surge? A power surge is a sudden and unwanted increase in voltage that can damage, degrade or destroy electronic equipment. Surges can occur when large appliances, such as air conditioners, turn on and off. Surges can also originate from electric utilities or lightning.

LEVELS OF PROTECTION





Point-of-Use

Surge Protection





- just plug in.



Only protects electronics plugged into the device.



Must be replaced over time or after a major surge event.

Whole Home Surge Protection



Must be installed by a qualified electrician.



Provides protection for your entire electrical system at home including large appliances, outlets, and light switches.



Protects against larger surges and provides longer lasting surge protection than point-of-use devices.



No surge protection can handle a direct lightning strike. Disconnect sensitive electronics if you suspect a surge is coming.

Power strips and surge protectors are **not the** same. Not all power strips offer surge protection.







